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ISSUED BY: CHIEF JOHN FINE	# OF PAGES: 21	
SUBJECT: DRUG TESTING FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT		
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APPLICABILITY: ALL SWORN EMPLOYEES	Standard #: 1.3.3	

The Written Directives developed by the City of Burlington Police Department are for internal use only, and do not enlarge an officer's civil or criminal liability in any way. They should not be construed as the creation of a higher standard of safety or care in an evidentiary sense, with respect to third party claims. Violations of Written Directives can only be the basis of a complaint by this Department, and then only in an administrative disciplinary setting.

PURPOSE: The following methods and procedures apply when a law enforcement officer who is authorized to carry a firearm pursuant to 2C:39-6 is ordered to submit to a drug test through urinalysis for the purpose of determining illegal use of drugs. To safeguard the department and members of the public from applicants, law enforcement trainees and sworn law enforcement personnel who may engage in the illegal use of drugs and to provide a zero-tolerance stance of illegal drug use.

POLICY:

It is the policy of the City of Burlington Police Department that the critical mission of law enforcement justifies maintenance of a drug free work environment through the use of a reasonable employee drug-testing program. The illegal use of drugs is incompatible with service in law enforcement. The City of Burlington Police Department is committed to ensuring that applicants, trainees, and sworn law enforcement personnel are physically and mentally capable of performing their duties and fulfilling their responsibilities. They are expected to obey all laws and ordinances, including those concerning illegal use of drugs. The law enforcement profession has several uniquely compelling interests that justify the use of employee drug-testing. The public has a right to expect that those who are sworn to protect them are at all times both physically and mentally prepared to assume these duties. There is sufficient evidence to conclude that the use of controlled substances and other forms of drug abuse will seriously impair an employee's physical and mental health, and thus, their job performance.

Where law enforcement officers participate in illegal drug use and drug activity, the integrity of the law enforcement profession, and public confidence in it are destroyed. This confidence is further eroded by the potential for corruption created by drug use. Therefore, in order to ensure the integrity of the department, and to preserve public trust and confidence fit and drug-free law enforcement profession, the City of Burlington Police Department shall implement a drug-testing program to detect prohibited drug use by law enforcement applicants, trainees and sworn officers.

PROCEDURE:

I. Applicability

A. Personnel

- 1. Applicants for a position as a law enforcement officer who, if appointed, will be responsible for the enforcement of the criminal laws of this State and will be authorized to carry a firearm under N.J.S.A. 2C:39-6.
- 2. Law enforcement officer trainees subject to the Police Training Act while they attend a mandatory basic training course.
- 3. Sworn law enforcement officers who are responsible for the enforcement of the criminal laws of this State, come under the jurisdiction of the Police Training Act and are authorized to carry a firearm under N.J.S.A. 2C:39-6.
- 4. The Law Enforcement Drug Testing Policy does not apply to civilian employees of a law enforcement agency.

B. Employment Status

1. Drug testing may be categorized by the employment status of the individual being tested and the method by which the individual was selected for testing. These methods include applicant testing, trainee testing, and officer testing. Testing is required of all police applicants and trainees. Pursuant to AG Directive 2018-2, law enforcement agencies are required to implement a random drug testing program for all sworn officers in their departments. Further, the City of Burlington Police Department has an independent obligation to undertake drug testing of individual officers and trainees when there is reasonable suspicion to believe that the officer or trainee is illegally using drugs or is under the influence of a controlled dangerous substance or cannabis during work hours.

C. Applicant Testing

- 1. The City of Burlington Police Department Drug Testing Policy recognizes that drug testing is an important component of a pre-employment background investigation. Thus, prospective employees should be drug tested as a condition of employment. This policy requires the City of Burlington Police Department when engaged in a hiring process, to drug test prospective employees at any point during the pre-employment process.
- 2. In addition, applicants for employment may be tested as many times as the City of Burlington Police Department deems necessary to ensure that the applicants are not engaged in the illegal use of drugs. For example, applicants who have been drug tested as part of the application process may be tested again if a significant amount of time has elapsed since the previous step in the employment process.
- 3. During the pre-employment process, the City of Burlington Police Department shall ensure that it complies with the provisions of the Americans with

Disabilities Act (ADA) by refraining from making any medical inquiries. Therefore, the medication information form should not be used at the applicant stage, unless a positive test result requires an explanation by the prospective employee. The Drug Testing Medication Information form shall be used if a conditional offer of employment has been made to the applicant.

D. Trainee Testing

- Individuals hired as law enforcement officers who are required to attend and successfully complete a mandatory basic training course approved by the Police Training Commission are subject to drug testing during their attendance at a police academy. Trainees will be required to submit one or more urine specimens for testing while they attend a mandatory basic training course. The drug testing of law enforcement trainees will be conducted by the police academy staff under rules and regulations adopted by the Police Training Commission.
- 2. Individual trainees shall also be required to submit a urine specimen for testing when there exists reasonable suspicion to believe that the trainee is illegally using drugs or is under the influence of a controlled dangerous substance or cannabis during work/training hours. A trainee shall be ordered to submit to a drug test based on reasonable suspicion only with the approval of the county prosecutor, the Chief of Police, or the academy director.

E. Officer Testing

- 1. Sworn law enforcement officers shall be ordered to submit a urine specimen for testing when they have been randomly selected to submit to a drug test. Random selection shall be defined as a method of selection in which each and every sworn member of the City of Burlington Police Department, regardless of rank or assignment, has an equal chance to be selected for drug testing each and every time a selection is conducted.
- 2. Sworn law enforcement officers shall also be required to submit a urine specimen for testing when there exists reasonable suspicion to believe that the officer is illegally using drugs or is under the influence of a controlled dangerous substance or cannabis during work hours. An officer shall be ordered to submit to a drug test based on reasonable suspicion only with the approval of the county prosecutor or the Chief of Police.
- 3. Urine specimens may also be collected from law enforcement officers during a regularly scheduled and announced medical examination or a fitness for duty examination. However, the collection and analysis of these specimens are not governed by this policy.

II. Types of Testing

A. Random Testing

1. Random drug testing of all City of Burlington Police Department sworn law

- enforcement officers is required by AG Directive 2018-2. Random selection is defined as a method of selecting employees for drug testing in which every member of the agency, regardless of rank or assignment, has an equal chance of being selected each and every time a selection is made. A minimum of ten percent of the sworn officers within the City of Burlington Police Department will be randomly tested each time. At minimum, the City of Burlington Police Department shall perform the random test at least twice in every calendar year.
- 2. The City of Burlington Police Department has chosen a method of random selection which ensures that every sworn officer in the agency has an equal chance of being selected each and every time a selection takes place. In other words, an officer who has been selected on one or more previous occasions for a random drug test is not excused from future tests. The mechanism for randomly selecting officers is the Random Name Generator component within the New World computer program.
- 3. The random selection process shall be verified and documented. The City of Burlington Police Department shall permit a representative of the affected collective bargaining unit to witness the selection process. Everyone present at the time of the selection, however, must understand that anyone who discloses the identity of an officer selected for random testing, or the fact that a random selection is scheduled to take place prior to the collection of urine specimens, will be subject to discipline.

B. Reasonable Suspicion

- 1. The City of Burlington Police Department must undertake drug testing when there is reasonable suspicion to believe an officer is engaged in the illegal use of controlled substances, or is under the influence of a controlled dangerous substance, including unregulated marijuana, or cannabis during work hours.
- 2. Reasonable suspicion "requires objective facts which, with inferences, would lead a reasonable person to conclude that drug-related activity is taking or has taken place and that a particular individual is involved in that drug activity."
- 3. The reasonable suspicion standard is "less demanding" than the probable cause standard in two ways. First, the amount of evidence needed to satisfy the reasonable suspicion standard is less than that needed to satisfy the probable cause standard. Second, the type of information used to satisfy the reasonable suspicion standard may be "less reliable than that required to show probable cause." The following factors should be evaluated to determine the quality and relevance of the information acquired by the law enforcement agency:
 - a. The nature and source of the information;
 - b. Whether the information constitutes direct evidence or is hearsay in nature;
 - c. The reliability of the informant or source;

- d. Whether corroborating information exists and the degree to which it corroborates the accusation; and
- e. Whether and to what extent the information may be stale.
- 4. Before the Chief of Police may order an individual officer to undergo reasonable suspicion testing, a written report documenting the basis for the test shall be prepared. Under emergent circumstances, approval may be given for a reasonable suspicion test on the basis of a verbal report.
- 5. The Chief of Police may discuss whether the information they possess is sufficient to conduct reasonable suspicion testing with the Burlington County Prosecutor's Office.

C. Reasonable Suspicion Testing for Cannabis Use

- 1. Consuming or being under the influence of cannabis while at work or during work hours is strictly prohibited. Officers shall be tested for cannabis in the following situations:
 - a. Upon reasonable suspicion of the officer's use of a cannabis item while engaged in the performance of the officer's duties, or
 - b. Upon a finding of observable signs of intoxication related to the use of a cannabis item while engaged in the performance of the officer's duties.

III. Notification of Drug Testing Procedures

A. Applicants

- 1. The City of Burlington Police Department shall notify all applicants for law enforcement positions that the pre-employment process will include drug testing. The notification will also indicate that a negative result is a condition of employment and that a positive result will:
 - a. Result in the applicant being dropped from consideration for employment;
 - b. Cause the applicant's name to be reported to the central drug registry maintained by the Division of State Police; and
 - c. Preclude the applicant from being considered for future law enforcement employment for a period of two years from the date of the drug test.
- 2. In addition, the notification will indicate that if the applicant is currently employed by another agency as a sworn law enforcement officer and the officer tests positive for illegal drug use, the officer's employing agency will be notified of the test results and the officer will be terminated from employment and permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey. Applicants shall be further informed that their refusal to submit to a drug test shall result in their no longer being considered for law enforcement employment in New Jersey.

B. Trainees

1. All newly appointed officers shall be informed that drug testing is mandatory during basic training. Newly appointed officers shall also be informed that a

negative result is a condition of employment and that a positive result will result in:

- a. Result in the trainee being dismissed from basic training;
- b. The trainee's termination from employment;
- c. Inclusion of the trainee's name in the central drug registry maintained by the Division of State Police; and
- d. The trainee being permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey.
- 2. Newly appointed officers shall be further informed that the refusal to submit to a drug test shall result in their dismissal from employment and a permanent ban from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey and inclusion of the trainee's name in the central drug registry maintained by the Division of State Police.

C. Sworn Law Enforcement Officers

- 1. The City of Burlington Police Department shall conduct drug screening through urinalysis when there exist facts that provide a reasonable suspicion to suspect that an officer is illegally using or is under the influence of a controlled dangerous substance or cannabis during work hours In addition, officers are subject to mandatory random drug testing pursuant to AG Directive 2018-2. Any officer who has reasonable suspicion to believe that a fellow officer is illegally using drugs must immediately report that fact to their immediate supervisor. A negative result is a condition of employment as a sworn officer and a positive result will result in:
 - a. The officer's termination from employment;
 - b. Inclusion of the officer's name in the central drug registry maintained by the Division of State Police; and
 - c. The officer being permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey.
 - d. The Internal Affairs Unit shall report to the Burlington County Prosecutor's Office Supervisor of Special Investigations Unit within 10 days.
- 2. The Internal Affairs Unit shall also provide written notice to the Burlington County Prosecutors Office Chief of Detectives after each test is conducted identifying: the date of the test, the total number of sworn officers employed by the agency; the total number of sworn officers tested; and the total number of sworn officers who tested positive.
- 3. Any Officer who refuses to submit to a drug test based on reasonable suspicion or random drug testing after being lawfully ordered to do so are subject to the same penalties as those officers who test positive for the illegal use of drugs. A sworn law enforcement officer who resigns or retires after receiving a lawful order to submit a urine specimen for drug testing and who does not provide the specimen shall be deemed to have refused to submit to the drug test.

IV. Specimen Acquisition Procedures

A. Preliminary Acquisition Procedures

- The City of Burlington Police Department shall designate a member of its staff
 to serve as monitor of the specimen acquisition process. The monitor shall
 always be of the same gender as the individual being tested (the donor). In
 the event there is no member of the same gender available from this agency
 to collect the specimens, this agency may request that a member of the same
 gender from another law enforcement agency to serve as monitor of the
 process.
- 2. Prior to the submission of a specimen, an applicant for a law enforcement position with the City of Burlington Police Department shall execute a form consenting to the collection and analysis of their urine for illegal drugs (Attachment A). The form shall also advise the applicant that a negative result is a condition of employment and that a positive result will result in the consequences outlined in Section IV A of this policy. Applicants are not required to complete a Drug Testing Medication Information form at this time.
- 3. Prior to the submission of a urine specimen, an officer shall execute a form (Attachment C) advising the officer that a negative result is a condition of employment and that a positive result will result in the consequences outlined in Section IV C of this policy. The form shall also advise the officer that the refusal to participate in the test process carries the same penalties as testing positive. Sworn officers shall complete the Drug Testing Medication Information form (Attachment D) listing all prescription medication, non-prescription (over-the-counter) medication, dietary supplements and nutritional supplements that were ingested by the officer during the past 14 days. The Drug Testing Medication Information form shall be placed in an envelope which is sealed by the donor. The donor shall date and initial the seal and write their unique identifier (Donor ID) on the envelope.

B. Monitor's Responsibilities

- 1. The monitor of the specimen acquisition process shall be responsible for:
 - a. Ensuring that all documentation is fully and accurately completed by the individual submitting the specimen (the donor).
 - b. Collecting specimens in a manner that provides for individual privacy while ensuring the integrity of the specimen. Individual specimens and forms shall be identified throughout the process by the use of donor identification numbers (Donor ID). At no time shall a name appear on any form or specimen container sent to the Laboratory.
 - Complying with chain of custody procedures established by the New Jersey State Toxicology Laboratory for the collection and submission for analysis of urine specimens.

- d. Specimens shall be collected utilizing split collection kits supplied by the Laboratory. Under no circumstances shall a specimen be collected and submitted for analysis in a specimen container that has not been approved by the NJ State Medical Examiner Toxicology Laboratory. It is the responsibility of each agency to contact the Laboratory to obtain the Split Specimen Kits and Forensic Urine Drug Testing Custody and Submission Forms (CSF).
- e. Collecting and submitting urine specimens in accordance with procedures established by the Laboratory.
- 2. In order to ensure the accuracy and integrity of the collection process a monitor may:
 - a. Direct an individual officer who has been selected for drug testing to remove outer clothing (jackets, sweaters etc.), empty their pockets, and wash their hands under running water, before they produce a specimen.
 - b. Add tinting agents to toilet water and secure the area where the specimens are to be collected prior to specimen collection.
- 3. If the monitor has reason to believe that an individual officer will attempt to adulterate or contaminate a specimen, substitute another substance or liquid for their specimen, or compromise the integrity of the test process, the monitor may conduct a direct observation of the individual officer. If a monitor concludes that direct observation is necessary, he or she must document the facts supporting the belief that the officer will attempt to compromise the integrity of the test process before there can be direct observation.
- C. Urine Specimen Collection Procedure
 - 1. Unless otherwise noted, all steps must be completed by the donor in the presence of the monitor.
 - 2. The monitor completes the agency information, donor identification, and test information sections of the Custody and Submission Form (CSF).
 - 3. The monitor allows the donor to select one NJ Medical Examiner State Toxicology Laboratory issued sealed split specimen collection kit.
 - 4. The donor unseals the split specimen collection kit, removes the specimen bag and specimen containers from the specimen collection container, and places all items on a clean surface.
 - a. The specimen containers shall be kept closed/unsealed at this time.
 - b. The specimen collection container and specimen containers should be kept within view of both the donor and the monitor.
 - 5. The monitor instructs the donor to void a specimen of at least 45 mL into the specimen collection container, to not flush the toilet, and return with the specimen container immediately after the specimen is produced.
 - 6. The monitor checks the specimen for adequate volume and the temperature indicator strip on the specimen container within 4 minutes.

- a. A color change between 90° and 100°F indicates an acceptable specimen temperature. The monitor indicates if the temperature is acceptable by marking either the "Yes" or "No" box in the specimen collection section of the CSF. If a temperature strip does not indicate the acceptable temperature, the monitor must consider the possibility that the officer attempted to tamper with the collection.
- b. The monitor must follow the "shy bladder" procedure for donors that initially are unable to produce an adequate amount of urine (See Section D, "Shy Bladder" Procedure).
- 7. The monitor instructs the donor to split the collected specimen into the specimen containers.
 - a. The donor opens both specimen containers and pours at least 30 mL of urine from the collection container in the primary specimen container and at least 15 mL of urine from the collection container in the secondary specimen container.
 - b. The donor secures both specimen containers by placing and securing the lids/caps on the specimen containers.
- 8. The monitor instructs the donor to seal the specimen containers with tamper evidence seals from the CSF.
 - a. The donor carefully removes the Bottle A Specimen Container Security Seal from the CSF and places it over the lid/cap and down the sides of the primary specimen container with the greater volume of urine (30 mL).
 - b. The donor carefully removes the Bottle B (SPLIT) Specimen Container Security Seal from the CSF and places it over the lid/cap and down the sides of the secondary specimen container with the lesser volume of urine (15 mL).
 - c. After the seals are placed on the specimen containers, the donor writes the collection date and his or her initials in the space provided on the security seals to certify that the specimen containers contain the specimen that he or she provided.
- 9. The monitor prints his/her name, signs and dates the monitor/agency acknowledgement section of the CSF.
- 10. The monitor instructs the donor to place both specimens in the front pouch of the specimen bag that contains the absorbent pad.
- 11. The monitor separates the white laboratory copy of the CSF, folds it, and places it in the rear pouch of the specimen bag along with the sealed medication information sheet, if provided.
- 12. The monitor seals the specimen bag by removing the release liner from the flap and folding the blue adhesive flap to cover the cross hatch slit opening.
- 13. Any remaining urine and the specimen collection container may be discarded.
- 14. The monitor will take possession of the sealed specimen bag and ensure that it is delivered to the NJ State Medical Examiner Toxicology Laboratory in a timely manner (See Section VII. Submission of Specimens for Analysis below).

D. "Shy Bladder" Procedure

- 1. When a donor initially produces an inadequate amount of urine, the monitor must take the following steps:
 - a. Advise the donor to remain on the premises and under the supervision of the test monitor until the monitor is satisfied that the donor cannot produce a specimen.
 - b. While the donor is under supervision, allow the donor to drink up to 40 ounces of fluids distributed reasonably over a period of up to three hours in an attempt to induce the production of a specimen.
 - c. Under no circumstances, should multiple voids be combined to produce an adequate sample volume.
- If the donor remains unable to provide a specimen after a reasonable period
 of time, the monitor may have the donor examined by a doctor to determine
 whether the inability to produce a specimen was the result of a medical or
 physical infirmity or constituted a refusal to cooperate with the drug testing
 process.

E. Split Specimen

- 1. A donor whose specimen tested positive may only challenge the positive test result by having the split specimen independently tested by an accredited laboratory. The first specimen will not be retested.
- 2. The split specimen will be maintained at the Laboratory for a minimum of one year following the receipt of a positive drug test result from the Laboratory by the submitting agency.
- 3. The split specimen will be released by the Laboratory under the following circumstances:
 - a. The agency is notified by the Laboratory that the first specimen tested positive for a controlled substance;
 - b. The agency notifies the donor that the first specimen tested positive for a controlled substance; and
 - c. The agency is informed by the donor whose specimen tested positive that he/she wishes to challenge the positive test result.
- 4. A representative of the second test laboratory may, in person, take possession of the second sample in accordance with accepted chain of custody procedures or the sample may be sent to the second test laboratory by commercial courier also following accepted chain of custody procedures.
- 5. Following testing of the split specimen, the independent laboratory will report the result of the split specimen drug test to the donor, to the submitting agency, and to the NJ State Medical Examiner Toxicology Laboratory medical review officer.

V. Submission of Urine for Analysis

- A. The State Toxicology Laboratory is the only facility approved for the analysis of law enforcement drug tests conducted under the Law Enforcement Drug Testing Policy. Law enforcement agencies are not permitted to use any other facility or laboratory for the purpose of analyzing urine specimens for illegal drug use by law enforcement officers.
- B. Urine specimens should be submitted to the State Toxicology Laboratory as soon as possible after their collection. In the event specimens cannot be submitted to the laboratory within one working day of its collection, the City of Burlington Police Department shall store the specimens in a controlled access refrigerated storage area until submission to the Laboratory.
- C. Specimens may be submitted to the Laboratory by commercial courier using "next day delivery" or in person (appointments only).
- D. The Laboratory will inspect all documentation to ensure that it has been properly completed. Failure to include the appropriate documentation with each submission will cause the Laboratory to delay conducting an analysis of the specimen or specimens until the missing documentation is submitted.
- E. In addition to ensuring that the appropriate documentation has been completed and submitted for each specimen, the Laboratory shall inspect each specimen for damage and evidence of tampering.
 - 1. The Laboratory may reject any specimen it has reason to believe has been tampered with or is damaged; and
 - 2. Notify the submitting agency in writing with the reason for rejection clearly stated.

VI. Analysis of Specimens

- A. The analysis of the first specimen shall be done in accordance with currently accepted procedures adopted by the State Toxicology Laboratory. These procedures shall include but not be limited to security of the test specimens, chain of custody, initial screening and confirmation testing, parent drug and metabolite cut-off levels and the issuance of test reports. In addition to the controlled substances listed below, every Law Enforcement Executive may request that specimens be analyzed for the presence of steroids.
- B. The Laboratory's drug testing procedures will screen specimens for the following controlled substances:
 - > Amphetamines
 - Barbiturates
 - Benzodiazepines
 - Cocaine

- Methadone
- Opiates
- Oxycodone/Oxymorphone
- > Phencyclidine
- Marijuana/Cannabis (only to be included in the testing process when: the officer is assigned to a federal task force; the officer holds a federally regulated license, which requires testing (e.g. pilot or commercial driver's license); the law enforcement agency is specifically required to test by the terms of a federal contract or federal grant; or as outlined in the reasonable suspicion sections.
- C. The Laboratory utilizes a two-stage procedure to analyze specimens.
 - In the first stage, all specimens will undergo an initial screening. The initial screening determines whether one or more of the nine substances listed and/or their metabolites are present at or above a designated cutoff. All presumptive positive specimens will undergo a second and more specific type of testing.
 - 2. The second type of testing will employ mass spectrometry detection for the definitive identification and quantitation of drugs and/or metabolites presumptively identified by the initial screen.
- D. When a specimen tests positive at both the initial stage and the second stage, a medical review officer assigned to the Laboratory will review the test results together with the medication information form submitted for the specimen. The medical review officer will seek to determine whether any of the substances listed on the form would explain the positive test result. The medical review officer may direct the agency that collected the sample to obtain further information from the individual being tested concerning the medications listed on the medical information form. The medical review officer will then issue a report indicating whether or not the sample tested positive due to a listed medication on the medication information form.
- E. Applicants for law enforcement employment are not required to submit a Drug Testing Medication Information form with their specimen. Therefore, if an applicant tests positive, the law enforcement agency, following notification from the Laboratory, must have the candidate complete the Drug Testing Medication Information form listing all prescription medication, non-prescription (over-the-counter) medication, dietary supplements, and nutritional supplements that were ingested by the donor during the 14 days prior to the specimen collection. The Drug Testing Medication Information form shall be placed in an envelope which is sealed by the donor. The donor shall date and initial the seal, and write their Donor ID on the envelope. The agency is responsible for submitting the envelope to the Laboratory. A review of the form will be conducted by the medical review officer as outlined above.

F. In addition to the testing outlined above, specimens submitted to the Laboratory may be tested for additional substances at the request of the law enforcement agency submitting the specimen. The Laboratory has the ability through its own facilities, as well as facilities employed as references laboratories, to arrange drug testing for steroid abuse, as well as other currently abused chemicals.

VII. Drug Test Results

- A. The Laboratory will provide written test results for every specimen submitted for analysis. All efforts will be made to deliver these reports within 15 working days of the submission. Reports will be addressed to the contact person listed on the specimen submission record. Positive test results will be sent to the contact person by certified mail.
- B. In some cases, the Laboratory will report that a specimen tested positive for a particular substance and that the information on the medication information form explains the test result. For example, the Laboratory may report that a specimen tested positive for barbiturates and a prescription for that barbiturate was listed on the form by the officer. At this point, it is the responsibility of the submitting agency to determine whether the officer had a valid prescription for that drug. Officers who do not have a valid prescription are subject to disciplinary action including, termination.
- C. Under no circumstances will the Laboratory provide law enforcement agencies with verbal reports of drug test results. In addition, no individual or agency may ask the Laboratory to conduct a second analysis of a specimen that has already been analyzed.

VIII. Consequences of a Positive Test Result

- A. When an applicant tests positive for illegal drug use:
 - 1. The applicant shall be immediately removed from consideration for employment by the agency.
 - 2. The applicant shall be reported to the Central Drug Registry maintained by the Division of State Police by the law enforcement agency to which the individual applied.
 - 3. The applicant shall be precluded from consideration for future law enforcement employment by any law enforcement agency in New Jersey for a period of two years.
 - 4. Where the applicant is currently employed by another agency as a sworn law enforcement officer, the officer's current employer shall be notified of the positive test result. Under these circumstances, the officer's current employer is required to dismiss the officer from employment and also report his or her name to the Central Drug Registry maintained by the Division of State Police.

- B. When a trainee tests positive for illegal drug use, or is found to have been consuming or being under the influence of cannabis or marijuana while at work/training or during work/training hours, subject to rules adopted by the Police Training Commission
 - 1. The trainee shall be immediately dismissed from basic training subject to rules adopted by the Police Training Commission and suspended from employment by his or her appointing authority.
 - 2. Upon final disciplinary action by the appointing authority, the trainee shall be terminated from employment from the City of Burlington Police Department as a law enforcement officer.
 - 3. The trainee shall be reported to the Central Drug Registry maintained by the Division of State Police.
 - 4. The trainee shall be permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey.
- C. When a sworn law enforcement officer tests positive for illegal drug use or is found to have been consuming or being under the influence of cannabis or marijuana while at work or during work hours::
 - 1. The officer shall be immediately suspended from all duties.
 - 2. The officer shall be administratively charged and, upon final disciplinary action, terminated from employment as a law enforcement officer.
 - 3. The officer shall be reported to Central Drug Registry maintained by the Division of State Police.
 - 4. The officer shall be permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey.

IX. Consequences of a Refusal to Submit to a Drug Test

- A. Applicants who refuse to submit to a drug test during the pre-employment process shall be immediately removed from consideration for law enforcement employment and barred from consideration for future law enforcement employment for period of two years from the date of the refusal. In addition, the appointing authority shall forward the applicant's name to the Central Drug Registry and note that the individual refused to submit to a drug test.
- B. Trainees who refuse to submit to a drug test during basic training shall be immediately removed from the academy and immediately suspended from employment. Upon a finding that the trainee did in fact refuse to submit a sample, the trainee shall be terminated from law enforcement employment and permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey. In addition, the appointing authority shall forward the trainee's name to the Central Drug Registry and note that the individual refused to submit to a drug test.

C. Sworn law enforcement officers who refuse to submit to a drug test ordered in response to reasonable suspicion or random selection shall be immediately suspended from employment. Upon a finding that the officer did in fact refuse to submit a sample, the officer shall be terminated from law enforcement employment and permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey. In addition, the appointing authority shall forward the officer's name to the Central Drug Registry and note that the individual refused to submit to a drug test. Please note that if there is no valid reason why an officer cannot produce a specimen, the officer's actions will be treated as a refusal. In addition, a sworn law enforcement officer who resigns or retires after receiving a lawful order to submit a urine specimen for drug testing and who does not provide the specimen shall be deemed to have refused to submit to the drug test.

X. Resignation/Retirement in Lieu of Disciplinary Action

A. A sworn law enforcement officer who tests positive for illegal drug use or refuses to submit to a drug test, and who resigns or retires in lieu of disciplinary action or prior to the completion of final disciplinary action, shall be reported by his or her employer to Central Drug Registry and shall be permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey.

XI. RECORD KEEPING

- A. The City of Burlington Police Department's Internal Affairs Unit shall maintain all records relating to the drug testing of applicants, trainees and law enforcement officers.
- B. The City of Burlington Police Department's drug testing records shall include but not be limited to:
 - 1. All drug testing:
 - a. the identity of those ordered to submit urine samples;
 - b. the reason for that order;
 - c. the date the urine was collected;
 - d. the monitor of the collection process;
 - e. the chain of custody of the urine sample from the time it was collected until the time it was received by the State Toxicology Laboratory;
 - f. the results of the drug testing;
 - g. copies of notifications to the subject;
 - h. for any positive result, documentation from the officer's physician that the medication was lawfully prescribed and does not render the officer unfit for duty;
 - i. for any positive result or refusal, appropriate documentation of disciplinary result
 - 2. Random drug testing, the records shall also include the following information:

- a. a description of the process used to randomly select officers for drug testing;
- b. the date selection was made;
- c. a copy of the document listing the identities of those selected for drug testing;
- d. a list of those who were actually tested; and
- e. the date(s) those officers were tested.
- C. Drug testing records shall be maintained with the level of confidentiality required for internal affairs files pursuant to the New Jersey Internal Affairs Policy and Procedures.

XII. Central Drug Registry

- A. The City of Burlington Police Department shall notify the Central Drug Registry maintained by the Division of State Police of the identity of applicants, trainees and sworn law enforcement officers who test positive for the illegal use of drugs; are found to have been consuming or being under the influence of cannabis while at work/training or during work/training hours; or refuse an order to submit to a drug test.
- B. A sworn law enforcement officer who tests positive for illegal drug use; is found to have been consuming or being under the influence of cannabis or marijuana while at work or during work hours; or refuses to submit to a drug test, and who resigns or retires in lieu of disciplinary action or prior to the completion of final disciplinary action, shall be reported by his or her employer to Central Drug Registry and shall be permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey.
- C. Notifications to the Central Drug Registry shall include the following information as to each individual:
 - 1. Name and address of the submitting agency, and contact person;
 - 2. Name of the individual who tested positive;
 - 3. Last known address of the individual;
 - 4. Date of birth;
 - 5. Social security number;
 - 6. SBI number (if known);
 - 7. Gender;
 - 8. Race:
 - 9. Eye color;
 - 10. Substance the individual tested positive for, or circumstances of the refusal to submit a urine sample;
 - 11. Date of the drug test or refusal;
 - 12. Date of final dismissal or separation from the agency; and

- 13. Whether the individual was an applicant, trainee or sworn law enforcement officer.
- D. The certification section of the notification form must be completed by the chief or director, and notarized with a raised seal.
- E. Notifications to the central registry shall be sent to:

Division of State Police State Bureau of Identification Central Drug Registry P.O. Box 7068 West Trenton, New Jersey 08628-0068

- F. Information contained in the central registry may be released by the Division of State Police only under the following circumstances:
 - 1. In response to an inquiry from a criminal justice agency as part of the background investigation process for prospective or new personnel; and
 - 2. In response to a court order.

XIII. Public Accessibility and Confidentiality

- A. All random drug testing policies adopted by the City of Burlington Police Department shall be made available to the public upon request and shall be posted on the agencies website.
- B. All written reports created or submitted pursuant to this department policy that identify specific officers are confidential and not subject to public disclosure.

ATTACHMENT A

DRUG TESTING

APPLICANT NOTICE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I,		t of the pre-employment p mprehensive background inve	,
determine my suitability for the			sugation to
I understand that as part of thi that a negative drug test result the testing, I will be rejected from	is a condition of employmen		
I understand that if I producemployment.	e a positive test result for	illegal drug use, I will be	rejected for
I understand that if I produce a information will be forwarded to Information from that registry investigation relating to employ	o the Central Drug Registry r can be made available by	maintained by the Division of s court order or as part of a	State Police.
I understand that if I produce employed as a sworn law endemployment in New Jersey for positive test result may be cons	nforcement officer, I will be two years from the date of	pe barred from future law e the test. After this two-year	enforcement period, the
I understand that if I am curre positive test result for illegal de positive test result. In addition permanently barred from law e	rug use, my current law enfo , I will be dismissed from m	orcement employer will be no	tified of the
I have read and understa Acknowledgment" form. I agr employment process.		• •	
Signature of Applicant	Date	Signature of Witness	Date

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ATTACHMENT B

DRUG TESTING

TRAINEE NOTICE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT

	that as part of the program of training at the I undergo unannounced drug testing by urinalysis
during the training period.	i undergo unamiounced drug testing by unharysis
	a condition of my continued attendance at the above efuse to undergo the testing, I will be dismissed from nent position.
I understand that if I produce a positive test reacademy.	esult for illegal drug use, I will be dismissed from the
·	esult for illegal drug use, the academy will notify my ion, I will be permanently dismissed from my law
information will be forwarded to the Central Dru	sult for illegal drug use or refuse to take the test that ug Registry maintained by the Division of State Police. available by court order or as part of a confidential inal justice agency.
I understand that if I produce a positive test refrom serving as a law enforcement officer in New	esult for illegal drug use, I will be permanently barred w Jersey.
	ntained on this "Trainee Notice and Acknowledgment" irinalysis as part of the academy training program.
Signature of Trainee Date	Signature of Witness Date

ATTACHMENT C

DRUG TESTING

OFFICER NOTICE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I,, urinalysis either through a random d believe I am illegally using drugs.	, I am re	quired to ur	ndergo una	my employ nnounced drug is reasonable	g testing by
I understand that a negative drug te officer at the above listed departmen		condition of	my continu	ed employment	t as a sworn
I understand that if I produce a posit from employment.	ive test result	for illegal dr	rug use, it v	vill result in my	termination
I understand that if I refuse to undefor the illegal use of drugs.	rgo testing, it	will result ir	the same	penalties as a	positive test
I understand that if I produce a posi information will be forwarded to the Information from that registry can investigation relating to my employm	Central Drug F be made avai	Registry mair lable by cou	ntained by turt order o	the Division of	State Police.
I understand that if I produce a posi from future employment as a law enf		_		will be perman	ently barred
I understand that if I resign or retirdrug testing and do not provide the drug test.		_			•
I have read and understand the info form. I agree to undergo drug testin as required by law.					_
Signature of Officer Date	<u>-</u>		Signature	of Witness	Date

ATTACHMENT D

DRUG TESTING MEDICATION INFORMATION

As part of the drug testing process, it is essential that you inform us of all medications you have taken in the last fourteen (14) days. Please carefully complete the information below.

Check all that apply:			
A. During the past 14 days I have taken the following medication prescribed by a physician:			
Name of Medication 1 2 3	Prescribing Physician	Date Last Taken	
B. During the past 14 days, I have taken the following non-prescription medications (cough medicine, cold tablets, aspirin, diet medication, nutritional supplements, etc.)			
Name of Medication (Non-Prescription Medication)		Date Last Taken	
1			
<u>2</u> 3			
C. During the past 14 days, I have taken <u>NO</u> prescription or non-prescription medications.			
Social Security Number and Initia	als	Date	